CLERK'S OFFICE U.S. DIST. COURT

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA ROANOKE DIVISION

MAY - 8 2014
JULIA C. DWOLEY, CLERK BY: DEPUTY CLERK

DARRELL EUGENE FARLEY,	)	Civil Action No. 7:14-cv-00223
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	·
v.	)	MEMORANDUM OPINION
	)	
VA DEPT OF CORRECTIONS,	)	By: Hon. Jackson L. Kiser
Defendant.	j	Senior United States District Judge

Darrell Eugene Farley, a Virginia inmate proceeding <u>prose</u>, filed a civil rights complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff names the Virginia Department of Corrections ("VDOC") as the sole defendant. This matter is before me for screening, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A. After reviewing plaintiff's submissions, I dismiss the complaint without prejudice as frivolous.

I must dismiss any action or claim filed by an inmate if I determine that the action or claim is frivolous or fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted. See 28 U.S.C. §§ 1915(e)(2), 1915A(b)(1); 42 U.S.C. § 1997e(c). The first standard includes claims based upon "an indisputably meritless legal theory," "claims of infringement of a legal interest which clearly does not exist," or claims where the "factual contentions are clearly baseless." Neitzke v. Williams, 490 U.S. 319, 327 (1989). Although I liberally construe pro se complaints, Haines v. Kerner, 404 U.S. 519, 520-21 (1972), I do not act as an inmate's advocate, sua sponte developing statutory and constitutional claims not clearly raised in a complaint. See Brock v. Carroll, 107 F.3d 241, 243 (4th Cir. 1997) (Luttig, J., concurring); Beaudett v. City of Hampton, 775 F.2d 1274, 1278 (4th Cir. 1985); see also Gordon v. Leeke, 574 F.2d 1147, 1151 (4th Cir. 1978) (recognizing that a district court is not expected to assume the role of advocate for a pro se plaintiff).

To state a claim under § 1983, a plaintiff must allege "the violation of a right secured by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and must show that the alleged deprivation was committed by a person acting under color of state law." West v. Atkins, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988). However, Plaintiff names the VDOC as the sole defendant, and the law is clear that the VDOC is not a "person" and that suing the VDOC via § 1983 pursues an indisputably meritless legal theory. See, e.g., Will v. Michigan Dep't of State Police, 491 U.S. 58, 70 (1989); Mt. Healthy City Sch. Dist. Bd. of Educ. v. Doyle, 429 U.S. 274, 280 (1977); Gray v. Laws, 51 F.3d 426, 430 (4th Cir. 1995). Accordingly, the Complaint is dismissed without prejudice as frivolous. See McLean v. United States, 566 F.3d 391, 399 (4th Cir. 2009) (dismissals without prejudice for frivolousness should not be exempted from 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g)).

ENTER: This day of May, 2014.

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